INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CLAIM FOR EXCLUSION FORM

KRS 224.46-580 provides several exclusions from the hazardous waste assessment. To claim that a specific hazardous waste is excluded from the assessment, you must submit the Claim for Exclusion from the Hazardous Waste Assessment Form with the Assessment Return <u>before</u> March 1, 2010. This form must be completed every year a claim for exclusion is made.

- **Line 1** Complete these lines. This information will correspond with that provided on your Assessment Return and Certificate of Registration.
- **Line 2** Check one box. Use a separate form for each waste stream for which exclusion to the Assessment is sought. A brief description of each category is listed below.

Waste Oil - Used oil is not regulated as a hazardous waste when managed in accordance with 401 KAR Chapter 44.

<u>Special Wastes</u> – KRS 224.50-760 defines the following as special wastes: mining wastes; utility wastes which meet the definition of fly ash, bottom ash or scrubber sludge; sludge from wastewater treatment facilities; cement kiln dust; gas and oil drilling muds; and oil production brines. No other wastes have been designated by the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet as special wastes.

<u>Spent material from air pollution control devices at coke manufacturing facilities</u> – This exclusion is limited to a coke manufacturing facility's air pollution control equipment wastes.

Waste generated by others for which the company is a secondary handler – Companies that store, process or reclaim hazardous waste generated in Kentucky by another company are not required to pay the assessment. Hazardous waste generated outside of Kentucky is subject to the assessment and facilities must collect and submit the assessment due from out-of-state generators. In addition, hazardous waste generated by the secondary handler as the result of storage, processing or reclamation is subject to the assessment.

Waste regulated under Section 402 or 307b of the Clean Water Act -

- Section 402 of the Clean Water Act refers to the Kentucky Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (KPDES) program. This exclusion applies to any waste that flows through a treatment plant holding a valid KPDES permit. For exclusion to the assessment, complete a Claim for Exclusion for this waste.
- Section 307b of the Clean Water Act applies to any waste that is sent to a pretreatment system and
 discharged to a publicly owned sewer treatment works (POTW). The <u>wastewater is not reported as a
 waste</u>, therefore, there is no Claim for Exclusion Form needed. The sludge, "special waste" is
 reported as waste on a Form 2; for exclusion to the assessment, complete a Claim for Exclusion.

Recycled wastes used in steel manufacturing

Out-of-state waste received by a manufacturing company from an affiliated company – According to the Under Investment Company Act (15 U.S.C.A. Section 80A-2), a company in which there is ownership (direct or indirect) of 5 percent or more of the voting stock is considered an affiliated company.

Emission control dust and sludge from the primary production of steel that is recycled by high temperature metals recovery or managed by stabilization of metals

- Line 3 Describe the generation process for the waste being excluded. NOTE: A description must be provided or the claim will be denied.
- **Line 4** Complete each section. Definitions for liquid and solid waste are provided on page 23. See page 9 for an explanation of EPA hazardous waste codes.

The Claim for Exclusion form must contain an original signature

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Commonwealth of Kentucky CLAIM FOR EXCLUSION FROM THE HAZARDOUS WASTE ASSESSMENT

From January - December 2009

Return to Hazardous Waste Branch. 200 Fair Oaks Lane. Frankfort KY 40601 BEFORE March 1, 2010 with the Hazardous

Waste Assessment Return and	Annual Report.			
1. EPA ID Number: I	KY	County:	Al#:	
Site Name:				
Contact Person:	Phon	e No:	Extension:	
Mailing Address:				
City, State and Zip:				
2. Identify the specific sought. Mark only	exclusion described under KRS one box.	6 224.46-580 (7) and ((8) for which approval is	
□ Waste Oil				
□ Special Was	ste			
□ Spent mater	rial from air pollution control emi	ssions at coke manufa	acturing facilities	
□ Secondary h	handler receiving waste from Ke	ntucky generators		
□ Waste subje	ect to Section 402 of the Clean V	Vater Act sent to a KP	DES outfall	
□ Waste subje	ect to Section 307B of the Clean	Water Act sent to a P	OTW	
□ Recycled wa	aste used in the steel manufactu	ring process		
 Out-of-state 				
 Emission co 	introl dust and sludge from the p	rimary production of s	teel that is recycled by	
high tempera	ature metals recovery or manag	ed by stabilization of r	netals	
	cription of the process that gene from assessment or the Cla if necessary.)		waste for which you are (Mandatory - Attach	
Complete this char	t for the hazardous waste you a	re seeking an exclusio	on.	
EPA Waste Codes	Amount of Waste Generated During the Assessment Period Report in pounds.	Solid or Liquid	Was this waste ultimately sent off site for treatment storage or disposal? (Yes or No?)	
supervision in accordance with submitted. Based on my inquisite information, the information there are significant penalties for the supervision of the supervision o	inder penalty of law that this docume ha system designed to assure that query of the person or persons who managen submitted is, to the best of my know for submitting false information, including	ualified personnel properly e the system, or those pers ledge and belief true, accu	gather and evaluate the information sons directly responsible for gathering rate, and complete. I am aware that imprisonment for knowing violations.	
Original Signature (use bl	ue ink) Name and Title		Date DEP-7084 (Rev. 2009)	

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SOURCE CODES

Source codes describe the type of process or activity (i.e., source) from which a hazardous waste was generated.

	enerated.		
Code			
	Wastes from Ongoing Production and Service Processes		
	Dip, flush or spray rinsing		
	Stripping and acid or caustic cleaning		
	Plating and phosphating		
	Etching		
G05	Metal forming and treatment (pickling, heat treating, etc.)		
G06	Painting and coating		
	Removal of spent process liquids or catalysts		
G09	Other production or service-related processes (specify)		
	Other Intermittent Events or Processes		
G11	Discarding off-specification or out-of-date chemicals or products		
	Lagoon or sediment dragout and leachate collection		
G13	Cleaning out process equipment		
G14	Removal of tank sludge, sediments or slag		
G15	Process equipment change-out or discontinuation of equipment use		
	Oil changes and filter or battery replacement		
G19	Other one-time or intermittent processes (specify)		
	Pollution Control and Waste Management Process Residuals		
G21	Air pollution control devices (baghouse dust, etc.)		
G22	Laboratory analytical wastes (used chemicals)		
G23	Wastewater treatment (sludge, filter cake, etc.)		
G24	Solvent or product distillation or recovery (sludge, waste)		
G25	Hazardous waste management - indicate management method		
G26	Storage and disposal unit leachate collection		
	Spills and Accidental Releases		
G31	Accidental contamination of products, materials or containers		
	Cleanup of spill residues		
G33	Leak collection and floor sweeping		
G39	Other cleanup of current contamination (specify)		
	Remediation of Past Contamination		
G41	Closure of hazardous waste management unit under KY Hazardous Waste Program		
	Corrective action at a solid waste management unit under KY Hazardous Waste Program		
G43	Remedial action or emergency response under KRS 224.01-400 (state "Superfund")		
	State program or voluntary cleanup		
G45	Underground storage tank cleanup		
G49	Other remediation (specify)		
	Waste Not Physically Generated On Site		
	Hazardous waste received from off site for storage/bulking and transfer off site for treatment or disposal		
G62	Hazardous waste received from a foreign country (other than a foreign Department of Defense site, Maquiladora, US territory or protectorate). This site was the generator of record.		

FORM CODES

Form codes describe the general physical and chemical characteristics of a hazardous waste.

	Form Code Group			
Code Form Code Group Mixed Media/Debris/Devices - Waste that is a mixture of organic and inorganic				
wastes, liquid and solid wastes, or devices that are not easily categorized				
W001	Lab packs with no acute hazardous waste			
	Contaminated debris: paper, clothing, rags, wood, empty fiber or plastic			
	containers, glass, piping, other solids			
	Lab packs containing acute hazardous waste			
	Contaminated soil			
W309	Batteries, battery parts, cores, casings			
W310	Filters, solid adsorbents, ion exchange resins and spent carbon			
W320	Electrical devices (lamps, thermostats, CRTs, etc.)			
W512	12 Sediment or lagoon dragout, drilling or other muds			
W801	Compressed gases			
Inorganic Liquids - Waste that is primarily inorganic and highly fluid (e.g.,				
	aqueous), with low suspended inorganic solids and low organic content			
	Very dilute aqueous waste containing more than 99% water			
	Spent concentrated acid			
	Acidic aqueous wastes less than 5% acid			
	Aqueous waste containing cyanides			
	Caustic aqueous waste without cyanides			
	3 Other aqueous waste or wastewaters			
	Waste liquid mercury			
W119	Other inorganic liquid (specify)			
	Organic Liquids - Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low			
	inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content			
	Still bottoms in liquid form			
	Concentrated halogenated (e.g., chlorinated) solvent			
	Concentrated non-halogenated (e.g., non-chlorinated) solvent			
	Concentrated halogenated/ non-halogenated solvent mixture			
	Oil-water emulsion or mixture			
	Waste oil			
	Paint, ink, lacquer, or varnish			
	Reactive or polymerizable organic liquids and adhesives			
	Paint thinner or petroleum distillates			
N219 l	Other organic liquid (specify)			

FORM CODES (Continued)

Code	Source Code Group	
	Inorganic Solids - Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic	
	content and low-to-moderate water content; not pumpable	
W303		
	Slags, drosses, and other solid thermal residues	
	Metal scale, filings and scrap (including metal drums)	
	Cyanide or metal cyanide bearing solids, salts or chemicals	
W316	Metal salts or chemicals not containing cyanides	
W319	Other inorganic solids (specify)	
	Organic Solids - Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable	
W401	Pesticide solids	
	Solid resins, plastics or polymerized organics	
	Explosives or reactive organic solids	
	Other organic solids (specify)	
	Inorganic Sludges - Waste that is primarily inorganic, with moderate-to-high	
	water content and low organic content; mostly pumpable	
W501	Lime and/or metal hydroxide sludges and solids with no cyanides	
	Gypsum sludges from wastewater treatment or air pollution control	
	Other sludges from wastewater treatment or air pollution control	
	Metal bearing sludges (including plating sludge) not containing cyanides	
	Cyanide-bearing sludges	
W519	Other inorganic sludges (specify)	
	Organic Sludges - Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic	
	solids content and water content; pumpable	
	Oily sludge	
	Paint or ink sludges, still bottoms in sludge form	
	Resins, tars, polymer or tarry sludge	
W609	Other organic sludge (specify)	

Conversion Rates

All quantities on the Hazardous Waste Annual Report and the Assessment Return must be reported in pounds. Use these conversion rates if you don't know the weight of your waste.

For example:

To convert 25 gallons to pounds, multiply 25 (gallons) by 8.34 (the weight of water) = 208.5 pounds.

To convert 50 tons into pounds, multiply 50 (tons) by 2000 (pounds) = 100,000 pounds.

	Conversion	
	Rates	
	Chart	
		Multiplier
Unit	Physical State	to
		Pounds
Gallons	Liquid	8.34
	Sludge/Solid	11.09
Cubic Yards	Liquid	1684.8
	Sludge/Solid	2240
Liters	Liquid	2.203
Kilogram	Liquid/Sludge/Solid	2.204
Pounds	Liquid/Sludge/Solid	1
Tons	Liquid/Sludge/Solid	2000

MANAGEMENT METHOD CODES

Management Method codes describe the type of hazardous waste management system used to treat or dispose a hazardous waste.

Code	Management Method Code Group	
	Reclamation and Recovery	
H010	Metals recovery including retorting, smelting, chemical, etc.	
H020	Solvents recovery	
H039	Other recovery or reclamation for reuse including acid regeneration, organics	
11050	recovery, etc. (specify)	
H050	Energy recovery at this site - use as fuel (includes on-site fuel blending)	
H061	Fuel blending prior to energy recovery at another site	
110.40	Destruction or Treatment Prior to Disposal at Another Site	
H040	Incineration - thermal destruction other than use as a fuel	
H071	Chemical reduction with or without precipitation	
H073	Cyanide destruction with or without precipitation	
H075	Chemical oxidation	
H076	Wet air oxidation	
H077	Other chemical precipitation with or without pre-treatment	
H081	Biological treatment with or without precipitation	
H082	Adsorption	
H083	Air or steam stripping	
H101	Sludge treatment and/or dewatering	
	Absorption	
H111	Stabilization or chemical fixation prior to disposal at another site	
H112	Macro-encapsulation prior to disposal at another site	
H121	Neutralization only	
H122	Evaporation	
	Settling or clarification	
	Phase separation	
H129	Other treatment (specify)	
	Disposal	
H131	Land treatment or application (to include on-site treatment and/or stabilization)	
H132	Landfill or surface impoundment that will be closed as landfill (to include on-site treatment and/or stabilization)	
	Deepwell or underground injection (with or without treatment)	
H135	Discharge to sewer/POTW or NPDES (with prior storage - with or without treatment)	
	Storage and Transfer	
H141	Storage, bulking, and/or transfer off site - no treatment/recovery (H010-H129), fuel blending (H061), or disposal (H131-H135) at this site	

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